Make Tee-Dee Want

THE TIMES FOUNDED 1886

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RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

LOUD HINTS OF

Changes in River and Head of Brotherhood of Harbor Bill Cause Big Sensation.

MARTIN THINKS IT WAS AN ACCIDENT

Openly Charged, However, That Rival Interests May Have Been at Work to Prevent Survey for 35 Feet of Water in Norfolk Harbor.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—Sena-WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—Senators Daniel and Martin, and the Senatomembers of the Committee on Conference on the river and harbor bill, received the surprise of years when they learned today that the bill, as approved by the President, provided for two surveys to be made from deep water at Hampton Roads, one looking to securing a thirty-foot channel, and one for a twenty-free foot channel, when they thought the bill provided for a channel off thirty feet and thirty-five feet, respectively.

Astonishment Everywhere.

Astonishment Everywhere.

Senator Martin, when the bill came over room the House, succeeded in having it amended so as to provide for an appropriation of \$50,000 for the construction of a turning basin in Richmond harbor, and also providing for the thirty and thirty-leve-foot surveys mentioned, and for a survey of the Appomattox, with a view to providing a turning basin at Petersburg. Ite looked after these amendments when the bill went to a conference committee of the two houses, and when the report of the conferees was submitted was assured by them that all the amendments in which the people of Virginia were interested lad been retained in the bill, with the exception of the one providing for the survey of the Appomattox. As the amendments were numbered, and the difficulty great in keeping up with them in the hurly-burly of the closing hours of the Senate, when the report of the conferees was adopted and the bill enacted. Senator Martin accepted the assurances of the conferees as final, and was congratulated upon having soften inrough amendments of such importance to his constituents.

His surprise, and that of everybody at all familiar with the bill, may be imagined when it was discovered this morning that it provides that the survey to be made of the channel from Hampton Roads to the Norfolk navy yard shall be with a view to fearning the cost of securing twenty-five and thirty feet of water. The item becomes ridiculous in view of the fact that there is already fully twenty-eight feet of water from Hampton Roads to the navy yard. The amendment as adopted in the Senate provided for a survey for "a channel from deep water in Hampton Roads to Norfolk navy yard, with a view to widening and straightening the same, and to submit estimates for increasing the depth thereof to thirty-five feet and thirty feet, respectively." The bill, as approved, rends precisely in the Norfolk survey item as the amendment, except "thirty-five" is stricken out and twenty-five is put in before "thirty."

Senator Gullinger, of New Hampshire; Senator Nelson, of

he thought the changes were made by direction of Chairman Burton, of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors. If that be so, he acted far beyond als authority. Men could not make any statement with greater positiveness than that of the Senate conferees that the changes were not ordered in the session of the conference committee.

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Crooked Work Hinted.

It is charged that there has been crooked work in connection with the changes. It is more than hinted that rival interests, the representatives of other ports on the Atlantic coast, surreptitiously changed the bill so as to provent the initial step in securing thirty-five feet of water for Norfolk harbor. New York is the only port on the eastern coast of the United States having anythins like this depth of water. Senator Penrose tied to incorporate in the bill a provision for a survey for thirty-five feet at Philadelphia. He fulled. It would have been very galling to Philadelphians and Pennsylvanians generally to have had the bill contain a provilson for a survey looking to giving the Virginia port deeper water than the Quaker City has.

Senator Martin does not believe there was crookedness in changing the bill. He is inclined to the opinion that when, early in the deliberations of the conferees, it was decided in a specific case to change the terms of the survey item so as to provide for no greater depth, in the Norfolk case, he took the liberty of changing "thirty-five" to "twenty-five."

While the changes made in the bill without he knowledge of the Senate conferees are irregular, and possibly criminal, the practical effect will not prove yery hurtful to Norfolk. There is nearly thirty feet of water there now. It would have been much chance of securing an appropriation for the deepening of the channel to thirty-five feet, even had the survey been made. There now, It would have been much chance of securing an appropriation for the deepening of the channel to thirty-five feet, even had the survey been made. There will be small difficulty, probably, in securing the ordering of the survey at the next session after the abovitive effort to do so at the one just onded.

LEADERS CRUSH CROOKED WORK NEW YORK STRIKE

Locomotive Engineers Orders Men to Work.

SAYS THEY HAVE

Local Managers Defiant and Declare Men Will Not Return Until Strike Is Won-Num-

> men Back on the Trains.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, March 9.—The most in-

who ordered and are conducting the strike.

The first infimation the public had that the strike was not endorsed by the national unions came in a statement from Grand Chief Waren S. Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, to which the motormen belong. Mr. Stone insisted that the strike was a violation of the laws of the national union, the men having broken their contract with the Interborough Commy, He ordered the men to report for duty, failing which expulsion from the organization is threatened.

The Statement.

The Statement.

Following is the statement of Grand Chief Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers:

"The strike now going on by men claiming to represent the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is in direct violation of our law. It is not recognized nor will it be supported by our organization. The contract entered into September, 1904, between the Interborough Company and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, we recognize to be as binding to-day as it was when signed, and loyal members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are instructed to at once report for duty and comply with the terms of the agreement. Members refusing to do so will be expelled from membership, in our organization.

"It has been reported to me that many of our members have been misled by statements that the grand officers had given consent to this strike. This is not correct. No request was made nor granted, nor were the officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers consulted in the present situation."

W. D. Mahon, national president of the

of a group of the strikers, who cheered him loudly when they heard his words.

BROKEN CONTRACT

ber of the Old Motor-

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, March 10.—Seventy policemen, detailed to duty around and in the subway barns at One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street and Lenox Avenue, were notified by a police roundsman in charge shortly after midnight that the strikers intended trying to stop all trains on the subway and elevated roads at 1 o'clook, and that they intended doing as much damage by Volcince at that hour as they could.

Two hundred strikers assembled at the corner of One Hundred and Forty-third Street and Lenox Avenus shortly before 2 o'clook Friday morn-

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Mar. '10.—At 3 o'clock
this morning it was reported that
bodies of strikers in various sections
along the subway and elevated lines
were dispersing. Apparently all plans
for a demonstration of any sort had
been abandoned.

teresting development in the subway and elevated railway strike striation in New York to-day was the stand taken by some of the mational pater leaders in re-pudiating the action of the local leaders who ordered and are conducting the

OYAMA NOW PRESSING STEADILY ON TOWARD MUKDEN JAPS REACH HUN RUSSIANS RETREATING BEFORE VICTORIOUS ARMY OF



RUSSIA RUSHING TROOPS TO SOUTH

and Men to Hold Great Britain Back.

Russian Official Says Conflict With "Traditional Enemy"

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, March 9,-11:55 P. M.-Russia is steadily reinforcing her nilitary strength, both in men and guns, n the direction of the Indian frontier. Sensational rumors of the dispatch of einforcements for Russian Turkestan were current two months ago, but they were then denied. The Associated Press is now in a position to affirm their truth on the authority of a traveler of unimpeachable veracity, who has just arrived from Tashkend and who was a persona witness of military activity on the recently completed Orenburg-Tashkend and other strategic railroads through Merv to Krasnovodsk.

Packing Turkstan Full of Guns

GREAT SECRECY OBSERVED

Is Inevitable.

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W. D. Mahon, national president of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America, issued a statement to-night, similar in tenor to that issued by Warren S. Stone. President Mahon says the strike was not authorized by the national body and that the strikers must go back to work."

Local Leaders Defiant.

William L. Jencks, head of the local Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, declared that he did not recognize Mr. Stone's statement as having any influence on him or upon the strike.

"Mr. Stone cannot dictate to me," said Mr. Jencks. "Shall he tell us whether we shall have supper or not? The men were ordered out, are out, and will stay out until the strike is won. Things are going beautifully, and prospects were never brighter for, us since the strike was begun."

Jencks made this statement in the midst of a group of the strikers, who cheered him loudly when they heard his words.

The Associated Press is unable here to obtain any official admission that an unusual military move is in progress, but

POINTER ON THE WEATHER Friday and Sat-furday: Virginia; Cloudy Friday,

At 1 A. M.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Departure from normal temperature Precipitation during past 24 hours...

a Russian of high position made the following statement:
"Russia has not any designs on
India, as England is so fond of alleging. If Great Britain would only
let us alone we would not trouble her,
but we are not blind to the manner in
which Great Britain has selzed the
occasion of the present war to buttress all her interests in Contral Asia,
where we have as vital interests as
she; nor can we Russians get over the
idea that, sooner or later, a conflict
with our traditional enemy is inevitable, and we realize that our only
path to victory dies in the direction
of India.

Great Britain has been making hay while the sun shone. But Russia cannot hold her hands and see Thibet and Afghanistan converted into Bhur-ans or Nepals, nor Persia placed com-pletely under British influence."

OSLER "BLOOMING

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
BOSTON, MASS., March 9.—Rev. Poindexter S. Henson, D. D., the noted minister and pastor of Tremont Temple, in an address here to-day, characterzed Dr. Oslor, of Baltimore, who said men over sixty should be chloroformed, as a "blooming idlot" and a "gasbag." "That blooming idlot, Dr. Oslor, should have been put in a bag and chloroformed when ne was born. No such big gusbag could (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) ne was born. No such big gasbag could chloroform such a pastor as Rev. Dr. Bates," he said to the latter's church. Dr. Henson was born in Fluvanna county, Va., and is a graduate of Rich-mond College and the University of Vir-

LONG BECOMES CHIEF SECRETARY FOR IRELAND

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Mar. 10.—Walter Hume Long, president of the local government board, has accepted the office of chief secretary for Ireland. It is expected that Premier Balfour will formally announce the appointment to-day.

Seven Men Killed .

(By Associated Press.)

WILKESBARRE, PA., March 2.—While seven men were being holsted in the carriage in the Clear Spring collery at West Pittston to-day the rope broke and the men were hurled to the bottom, a distance of 250-feet. All were killed.

23 WANT HELP TO-DAY.

The 23 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows: 6 Domestics. 9 Trades.

6 Miscellaneous, 2 Agents. This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to improv their positions as well.

rica as Missionary, Becomes Head of Old Tribe

CHIEF OF DEVIL WORSHIPPERS MEET EACH OTHER TO-DAY

Name Dropped From Rolls of Church of Which He *Was Member.

(By Associated Press.) INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 9 .- A dispatch to the News from Huntington

a native African, who was brought to this country as a child and after being vice of twenty-five years as a mission back to heathenism, has become chief of contracted plural marriages in the wilds

MISJUDGED

Worthy Richmond Man Asks Privilege of Protecting Defenseless Young Woman.

Wedding Likely to Take Place

at Once if Both Are Pleased: The unfortunate girl whose story was told in the Times-Dispatch two days ago has received, through Rev. Mr. Wiley

has received, through Rev. Mr. Wiley, an offer of marriage from a respectable and worthy citizen of Richmond.

The girl, who had been driven from her home in North Carolina by her parents, came to Richmond and found in Mr. and Mrs. Wiley friends and comforters.

The good minister and his wife determined to see that justice was done the girl and, with that end in view, retained an eminent physician. The girl's character has been proved pure and unstained and there is every reason to believe that she will regain her position in her native town and be received by her

her native town and be received by her family.

Powerful influences are at work to see that she is vindicated and these influences are of so high a character that there will not be a doubt in the minds of anyone but that the unforunate girl has been misjudged and cruelly treated. As a sequel to the story Mr. Wiley received a message from an influentialiady in the West End, requesting her to call. The outcome of that visit is that Mrs. Wiley is to receive substantial aid for her "Home for Wayward Girls," which she is striving to organize and which has every promise of immediate success.

Meet Each Other To-day. native town and be received by her

weery promise of immediate success.

Meet Each Other To-day.
On leaving, the lady said to Mrs. Wiley,
"You should find a good husband for
that poor girl."
What was Mrs. Wiley's surprise to find,
on returning home, that Mr. Wiley had
received an offer of marriage for the
girl from, a well-to-do resident of the
city.

The writer said that he was in comfortable circumstances and a man still young, who desired to take the part of the misused girl. He said that he knew that she was innocent, and that if she would marry him; he could promise her a comfortable home, and an unclouded future.

He will call upon Mr, Wiley to-day, and if the young people are agreeable, the marriage will take place at once.

But for Mr, and Mrs, Wiley's care and guidance this happy ending of a cruel case of injustice would never have been accomplished.

A "Home for Wayward Ciris" is a charity that should appeal to every thinking man and woman in the State.

34,000 IN ONE WEEK

Extraordinary But Not Unprecedented Number of Deaths in India.

(By Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, March 9.—The deaths from the plague last week numbered 34,000.
Statistics show that, deaths from bubonis plague in India within a few years reach near 3,000,000. In 1903 the mortality in India from the plague at one time was \$50,000. The number of deaths recorded last week, while extraordinary, is not unprecedented.

The infection recently spread to Burmah, where it is making rapid strides, This season of the year always favors its spread.

COURT DECIDES WILL CASE AGAINST BRYAN

ficiary Declared to be Inoperative. (By Associated Press.)

HARTFORD, CONN., March 9 .- The

Supreme Court of Connecticut to-day handed down a decision in the Philo S. Bennett will case, in which William J. time was \$50,000. The number of deaths recorded last week, while extraordinary is not unprecedented.

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School Damaged by Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., March 9.—The new boys' high school, at Broad and Green Streets, considers done of the finest structures of the Norman type in the country, and hall and furnished at a cost of more than \$1,500,000, was gamaged by fire acoust of more than \$1,500,000, was gamaged by fire acoust of more than \$1,500,000, was gamaged by fire spread, water to-day to the extent of \$50,000, as provided in a "scaled letter" left by Mr. Bennett, left by Mr. Burnath at the clause in a "scaled letter" left by Mr. Bennett, with received the superior Court, which rendered judgment to the effect that the clause if will containing the paragraph in regard to the \$50,000 to be left to William J. Standard and the will lenyes \$50,000 to Mrs. Bennett in trust, with no purpose, while the sealed letter says in the clause in a "scaled letter" left by Mr. Bennett, left by Mr. Bennett's will containing the paragraph in regard to the \$50,000 to be left to the stolent say and the said fund is a part of the residuary estate. Air. Bryan appealed from the \$50,000 to Mrs. Bennett in trust, with no purpose, while the sealed letter left by Mr. Bennett, left by Mr. Bennett's left by Mr. Benne Bryan has figured as a possible benefi-

CUT RAILROAD AND ENTRAP RUSSIANS

Kuropatkin, In Bad Plight Must Fight Desperately or Surrender

BRIDGE AT FU PASS NOW UNDER HOT FIRE

Rennenkampff's Corps May be Isolated in Mountains North of Fushun.

MUKDEN STILL IN HANDS OF RUSSIANS

Flying Japanese Column Appears Northeast of Town and Is Heading Rapidly West. Story of Tenth Day of Great Battle-Enormous Losses.

Mukden, at noon yesterday, was still pocupied by the Russians. Fu Pass, twelve miles to the eastward and on the ropatkin in the retreat of his eastern wing, was bombarded by the Japanese for an hour early in the day, Russian ar-tillery replying vigorously. The outcome at this point seems to be in doubt. A wind-storm of hurricane fury was in progress during the day. No reports from the commander-in-chief later than Wednesday have been given out at Petersburg. Associated Press dispatches from Mukden indicate that considerate forces are well north of the city of Mukden and that the railroad upon which depends so much for the Russian army, is seriously threatned, if, indeed, it has not already been out.

ASKS FOR ARMISTICE?

Rumored in Lobby of House of Commons That Kuropatkin Has Taken This Step.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, March 19—In the lobby of
the House of Commons last night it was
rumored that General Kuropatkin had
asked for an armistice, but the report
could not be traced to any reliable

RAILROAD CUT?

Japanese Reports Say Russian Line of Retreat Has Been Blocked.

(By Associated Press.)
WITH THE JAPANESE LEFT AtamES, Wednesday, March 8 (noon), Via FUSAN, March 9.—The left armies have out and destroyed the railroad between Moulden and Tie Pass.
Datalls are not obtainable at present.
The Russians are in retreat over the northern reads. The left column of these armies is at Likampu, seven miles norther the Hun River and five miles west of the Hun River and five miles west of the railroad, and has had a deroe fight with a Russian force thrice its number. The Russian casualties number 10,000. The Russian centre is retreating in great confusion.

Floid Marsias to the retreating Russians yestorday, prohibited his troops from entering Mukden in masses, in order to preserve the respect of the tombs and sacred places of the importal Chinese household and to protect the welfare of the inhabitants.

JAPS AT TIE PASS.

Report Says Kuropatkin May be Forced to Surrender Within Week.

(By Associated Press.)
NIUCHWANG, March 9-Via Pien Tsin.
It is reported here that Tie Pass has been invested by the Japaneses and that General Kuropatkin, having no alternative, will probably be forced to surrender within a week.
The Russians have not been reinforced from the direction of Harbin since March 1st.

1st.
General Nogt's army made a forced march of twenty-five miles daily, and acting in conjunction with General Oku's army, surrounded eighty thousand Russians in the direction of Tie Pass and cut off their supplies.

The hurrying Japanese armies passed a division of Russians without giving it any attention until the enveloping movement was completed, when they crustingly attacked the Russians on all sides.

STILL HOLD MUKDEN.

Russians in Bad Plight-Nogi Succeeds in Reaching Railroad.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG. March 10-3:05 A.

M.—St. Petersburg this morning knows
little more of the outcome of the battle
at Mukden than it knew Wednesdry
night, and little more of the fate of General Kuropatkin's heaten army. It is
not even known whether the railroad ausbeen out and communications destroyed,
though it is believed that the reported
destruction of the line by General Oku's
army refers to the damage inflicted on
Wednesday, which was not serious,
though truffle was twice interrupted. It
is evident, however, that the Japanese
are pressing closer this indispensable
line of retreat. Their shells occasionally
but the wires of the telegraph lines puralleling the railroad, and civilian line.

Crooked Work Hinted. (Continued on Second Page.) CRIME RAMPANT IN

STATE, SAYS VARDAMAN

Governor Calls on Officers to Begin Crusade in Mississippi.

(By Associated Press.)

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., March 9,-A
special from Jackson, Miss., says that
Governor Vardaman to-day issued a group and the peace officers of the State, declaring that the situation in Mississippi is becoming critical, that crime is rampant in all quarters of the commonwealth and urging officers at once to begin a crusade to clean out the dives and haunts of criminals.

ing of the survey at the next session, after the abortive effort to do so at the one just onded.

Killed Policeman,

(By Associated Press.)

COLON, March 8.—An American negro named John Wells, from South Carolina, on being retued admittance to 4 dance here last night, drew a revolver and shot and killed a policeman and wounded two other persons.

dives and haunts of criminals.

Governor Vardaman said in part:

"I want the negro protected in his enjoyment of life, liberty and the product of his labor, and the pursuit of happings, I want the none spritted discouraged in every way, and the only way to do it of every way, and the only way to do it of the product of his labor, and the product

POPE SAID TO BE ILL; MAY LEAVE VATICAN

French Capital From Rome.

Alarming News Received in

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch, Copyright 1905.)

PARIS, Mar. 9.—Alarming news has been received here from Rome, where Pope Plus X is reported severely ill and unable to stand the severity of the Rome, climate. His old malady, heart disease, is causing his physicians great anxiety. As soon as the weather moderates, the Pope will leave Rome for Castle Gandolfo on the Alban Lake, where he will remain for soveral weeks. The Pope's desire to go to Naples is opposed by the cardinals, who want Plus X to keep on playing the part of the "Prisoner of the Vatican."

North Sea Incident Closed.

LONDON, Mar. 9.—Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, to-day paid \$325,000 to Foreign Secretary Lansdowns in settlement of the North Sea claims and the incident was thus closed.

INTO HEATHENISM Educated and Sent Back to Af-

sionary Board of the United Brethren in Christ has dropped from the rolls of the church Daniel Flickinger Willberforce educated was returned by the board to his old tribe as a missionary. It is charged by the board that after a ser-

of Africa. Flickinger, then secretary of the Missionary Board of the church, was in West Africa on mission work, While visiting a congregational missionary, an visiting a congregational missionary, announcement was made that a male child had been born in the negro village. The host of Dr. Filckinger christened the baby Daniel Filckinger Willberferco. Twelve years later the boy had been brought to Americal by a returning missionary. Dr. Filckinger accidentally discovered his namesake at work at the missionary house in New York. Dr. Filckinger took the lad to Dayton, Ohlo. The boy was sent to school, then through high school and later to a medical college at Cleveland. He married a negress

The boy was sont to school, then through high school and later to a medical college at Cleveland. He married a negress at Dayton. Later the two went to Africa to do missionary work among the old tribe from which Willberforce came. Later the missionary and family returned to this country, and Willberforce lectured throughout the Central States. His four children, two sons and two daughters, attended Central College here. Two sons are still in the country, one at Outterbein College and the other in the Dayton High School, Willberforce returned to Africa. The board has been informed of his relapse to heathenism, of accompanying plural marriages and of his becoming chief of the tribe. The venerable Dr. Flickinger is much depressed over the backsliding of his protege, but sanctions the action of the board.

BUBONIC PLAGUE KILLS

Clause Making Nebraskan Bene-